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The Economic Development of Belgium Since 1870-Herman van der Wee 1997 Twenty-seven articles published between 1937 and 1993 provide a broad overview of the Belgian economy, focusing not only on the strictly economic aspects of development but also on related aspects such as technological progress, monetary and financial policy,
and standard of living. The studies address topics such as the problem of de-industrialization, structural unemployment, industrial restructuring, the export-oriented nature of Belgian industry and its competitiveness on the international marketplace, and institutional developments and adaptations. No index. Annotation copyrighted by Book News, Inc., Portland, OR

The Economic Development of Belgian Agriculture, 1880-1980-Jan Blomme 1993 Recoge:
Agricultura: conceptos y definiciones; Agricultura en Bélgica antes de 1880; Métodos; Producción agrícola: análisis e interpretación.

Colonial Exploitation and Economic Development- Ewout Frankema 2013 Since many countries in the world at present were European colonies in the not so distant past, the relationship between colonial institutions and development outcomes is a key topic of study across many disciplines. This edited volume, from a leading international group of scholars, discusses the comparative legacy of colonial rule in the Netherlands Indies and Belgian Congo during the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Whereas the Indonesian economy progressed rapidly during the last three decades of the twentieth century and became a self-reliant and assertive world power, the Congo regressed into a state of political chaos and endemic violence. To which extent do the different legacies of Dutch and Belgian rule explain these different development outcomes, if they do at all? By discussing the comparative features and development of Dutch and Belgian rule, the book aims to 1) to contribute to a deeper understanding of the role of colonial institutional legacies in long run patterns of economic divergence in the modern era; 2) to fill in a huge gap in the comparative colonial historical literature, which focuses largely on the comparative evolution of the...
British, French, Spanish and Portuguese Empires; 3) to add a focused and well-motivated comparative case-study to the increasing strand of literature analyzing the marked differences in economic and political development in Asia and Africa during the postcolonial era. Covering such issues as agriculture, manufacturing and foreign investment, human capital, fiscal policy, labour coercion and mineral resource management, this book offers a highly original and scholarly contribution to the literature on colonial history and development economics.

The Belgian Economy in the Very Long Run-Herman van der Wee 1992

Industrial Employment and Economic Change, Belgium, 1880-1850-Edward Patrick Duggan 1969

The Economic Development of Continental Europe 1780-1870-Alan Milward

2013-05-13 Upon its initial publication in 1973 this was the first textbook to present a unified view and comprehensive treatment of the economic development of Europe from a continental rather than a British perspective. At the same time, it is more than mere textbook: it is an interpretive analysis of a wide range of research on the subject in many countries which explores the objective validity of earlier theories and provides an ideal starting point for further research into economic development and European history. The work deals mainly with Western Europe, but in principally studying both France and Germany up to 1870 the authors by no means neglect the smaller countries. Indeed, the work is unusual in dealing fully with the Scandinavian countries and others, such as Switzerland and Belgium. This is a reissue of the fully revised and corrected second edition of the work, first published in 1979.

Report on Regional Development Problems and

The Economic Development of Continental Europe, 1780-1870 - Alan S. Milward 1979

The Development of the Economies of Continental Europe - Alan Milward 2011-03-22

This work, first published in 1977, is a reissue of a trailblazing work; the first textbook of economic history to deal comprehensively with the economic development of the whole continent in this period and to do so from a continental rather than a British perspective. But it is more than merely a textbook: it is an interpretative synthesis of the wide range of research on this subject in many countries. As such it will be an indispensable guide for teachers and will extend and improve the scope of teaching by making available for the first time in English the results of continental research. In addition, it is a work of fundamental interest to economists in which theories and hypotheses of economic development are now examined in a much wider historical context. In this way the book is an exploration of the objective validity of earlier theories and the starting point for further research into economic development and European history. The work covers the continental development of the German and French economies after 1870 and then in that context analyses the development of the smaller western economies. It then considers the relatively underdeveloped economies of eastern and southern Europe and includes the first attempt at a synthesis of economic development before 1914 in the Balkans. It concludes with an analysis of the international economy and its relationship to the economic development of the continent.

OECD Economic Surveys - 1998

A Ten Year Plan for the Economic and Social Development of the Belgian Trust Territory of Ruanda-Urundi-Belgium. Ministère des colonies 1952

A Ten Year Plan for the Economic and Social Development of the Belgian Congo-Pierre Wigny 1950


The role of port infrastructure for economic development with an application to Belgium and the port of Antwerp-Marzieh

Nazemzadeh 2016

Economic Surveys by the OECD.-Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development 1968

Perspectives on Planning and Urban Development in Belgium-Ashok K. Dutt 2013-03-09 Belgium is a small country, but its planning traditions are rooted in a heritage which has been greatly enriched by its central location in the West European community of nations. Medieval, Renaissance and industrial age planning and urban design gave Belgium many examples of architectural masterpieces especially in the city centers. During the post World War II period, Belgian planners and politicians legislated national planning laws that divided the country into 48 planning regions (also called sub-regions and sectors) and empowered the municipalities (communes) with potent legal instruments to direct land development in accordance with their plans. Preparation,
amendment and execution of these plans in a democratic society with a strong laissez-faire tradition have been painstaking, but nonetheless, significant tangible results have been achieved. The purpose of this book is to explore and assess the successes and failure of Belgian planning and make this record available in English so that they may remain facets of Belgian planning. The general socio-economic and historical background is provided with a view to understanding the theoretical, legal, physical and selected topical aspects of Belgian planning. In doing so a multi-disciplinary approach has been taken and the authors have been selected from a variety of disciplines. Professor Louis Albrechts of the University of Leuven is a planning theorist. Ms. Brigitte Beernaert and Mr. Karel Vroom are practicing planners. Beernaert is also a planning historian. Legal and administrative backgrounds are represented by the planning experts, Dr.

**OECD Economic Surveys:** 1973

**OECD Economic Surveys:** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development 2009

**OECD Reviews on Local Job Creation Employment and Skills Strategies in Flanders, Belgium-Oecd** 2015-04-16 This report delivers evidence-based and practical recommendations on how to better support employment and economic development in Flanders, Belgium, with case studies on Antwerp and Limburg.

The Economic Development of the Netherlands Since 1870-J. L. van Zanden 1996 The articles in this volume give a balanced picture of the main debates of Dutch economic history after 1870: the slow industrialization in the nineteenth century, the protracted character of the depression of the 1930s; the 'Dutch miracle' of 1950 to 1973 and the 'Dutch disease' of the 1970s and 1980s. Some eminent contributions to these debates have been translated here in to English for the first time.

Government Consumption and Investment in Belgium-Piet Clement 2000 The objective of this study is twofold. First of all it presents an overview and a reappraisal of the public income and expenditure in Belgium over the long term period from 1830 through 1940. The evolution of central and local public finance is outlined and interpreted on a year by year basis, by applying the present-day methodology and classification technics (discerning direct government consumption from public investment, debt and transfer payments). Secondly this study inquires into the roots and the development of a welfare state in Belgium, as related to the overall evolution of public finance. Emphasis is laid on the changing patterns, attitudes and policies in the field of education, social welfare and state-management of the economy. It is argued that a solid foundation for compulsory, publicly funded education, for a state regulated social security system, and for a collective bargaining economy was laid well before the outbreak of war in 1940.

France and the Economic Development of Europe-Rondo E. Cameron 1966

Employment and Skills Strategies in Flanders, Belgium-OECD. Publishing 2015 This report delivers evidence-based and practical
recommendations on how to better support employment and economic development in Flanders, Belgium. It builds on sub-national data analysis and consultations with local stakeholders in two case study areas (Antwerp and Limburg). It provides a comparative framework to understand the role of the local level in contributing to more and better quality jobs. The report can help national, regional, and local policy makers in Belgium build effective and sustainable partnerships at the local level, which join-up efforts and achieve stronger outcomes across employment, training, and economic development policies. Co-ordinated policies can help workers find suitable jobs, while also stimulating entrepreneurship and productivity, which increases the quality of life and prosperity within a community as well as throughout the country.

Railways and the Economic Development of Western Europe, 1830-1914-Patrick Karl O'Brien 1983

United Kingdom, Belgium, Netherlands, Norway, Finland, Spain, Austria, Germany, Canada, Switzerland-Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development 1976

OECD Environmental Performance Reviews OECD Environmental Performance Reviews: Belgium 2007-OECD 2007-03-28 This review of Belgium's environmental conditions and policies evaluates progress in reducing the pollution burden, improving natural resource management, integrating environmental and economic policies, and strengthening international co-operation.

Belgium- 1997

Regional Problems and Policies in OECD Countries: United Kingdom, Belgium, Netherlands, Norway, Finland, Spain, Austria,
This paper discusses economic development and policies of Belgium. The new government has taken important steps to support job creation and address the cost of aging—notably through wage moderation, pension reform, and a tax shift. But growth prospects remain mediocre, public debt very high, and the labor market severely fragmented. The central task is to achieve a lasting reduction in public debt while nurturing the recovery and social cohesion. The government's goal of achieving structural fiscal balance by 2018 is laudable but ambitious—with almost two percent of GDP of measures yet to be implemented.
The Quality of Public Finances and Economic Growth - Salvador Barrios 2008

Belgium - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. Development Assistance Committee 1995

OECD Environmental Performance Reviews


This book is part of the OECD Environmental Performance Reviews Programme which conducts peer reviews of environmental conditions and progress in each Member country. It analyses efforts to meet both domestic objectives and international commitments, supported by a broad range of economic and environmental data, and makes recommendations for further environmental and sustainable development progress.

Economic Titles/abstracts-1990